Accessing patient data for research

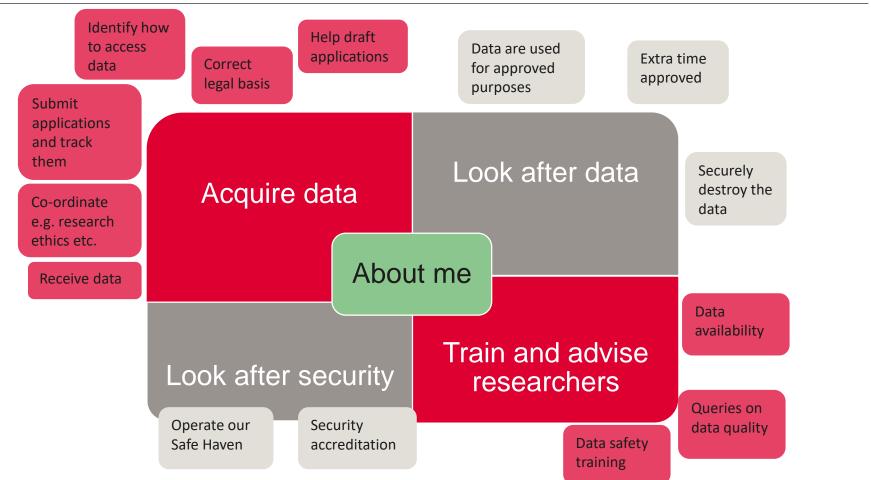
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The Health Foundation

UseMyData, May 2019









Where do we get patient data from?





Public Health England



Devolved nations

Local health care providers

Etc.

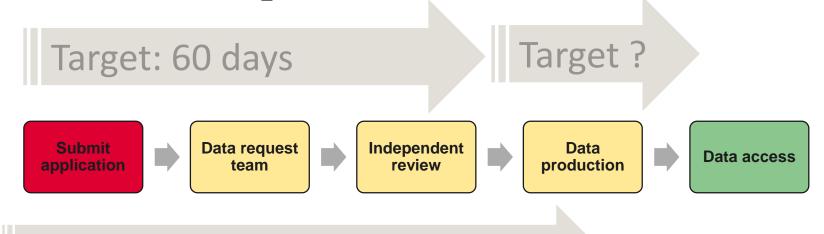




Medicines & Healthcare products Regulatory Agency



How does the process work?



Standard project, hospital records: 6 – 9 months

Variation of treatment for lung cancer: 8 – 9 months

Migrants' use of the health service: 2 years plus



What's in a data application?

Describe in plain English the overall project aim(s) and objectives Please provide a detailed description of the purpose for which data are requested, in no more than 500 words.

Explain: what is the aim and purpose of this application.

[Provide]

- (a) A brief explanation of the Article 6 justification of processing the data (e.g. legitimate interest)
- (b) A brief explanation of the public interest (for processing under Article 9(2)(i) and (j)), or substantial public interest (if processing under Article 9(2)(g))



Some sticking points about data suppliers:

Interpretations – between organisations, between staff in organisations Data access vs data production Got to be determined! Not able to train the next generation of researchers Improving the culture: how to engage? Costs: financial and project time (only long-term projects feasible)



Some sticking points about researchers:

Don't always write proposals in plain English

Aren't specific enough about why they need the data

Ask for too much data



The good news:



- PHE cancer registry data
 - Links between analysis and data access branches
- NHS Digital online application
 - Easy to use, including application tracker
 - However: questions tend to be in 'legelise'
- GP patient data at CPRD
 - managed by folk who really understand research
 - Expert help at using the data on a day-to-day basis
- Joint data access 'passporting'



Other agency factors

May lack resources

Staff: contracts, uncertainty and turnover?



Decision-making by one person: lots to lose if something goes wrong, little to gain if something goes right

Priorities?

How does the organisation work together?

Final thoughts:

Challenges:

- can these data access systems keep up with innovative projects
- and changes in data and tech?

Can patients play a role in helping data access?

what does this role look like?

Thank you

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